# TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC ĐÀ LẠT



GIÁOTRÌNH

# TIẾNG ANH 4

(Dành cho sinh viên ngành Toán - Tin)

KHOA NGOẠI NGỮ

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## LỜI TỰA

Nhằm đáp ứng kịp thời nhu cầu học Tiếng Anh chuyên ngành của sinh viên Toán – Tin, chúng tôi biên soạn, biên tập một số bài học có liên quan in trong giáo trình này. Vì khả năng có hạn, giáo trình tất không tránh khỏi những sai sót, kính mong nhận được sự góp ý từ phía bạn đọc để lần tái bản sau sẽ tốt hơn.

Tháng 12 – 2001 Khoa Ngoại Ngữ Trường Đại học Đà Lạt

#### **UNIT 1:** MATHEMATICS

## **Pre-reading:**

- 1. Would you like to do science?
- 2. Which branch of science do you like?
- 3. You are studying mathematics, why do you like it?

Mathematics plays an important part of your lives. Today mathematics is of the great use to many sciences, so more and more mathematical books are printed in many languages, especially in English.

Anyone who works with any branch of science or technology needs to be able to talk about numbers and shapes. Notice how following numbers and shapes are said in English.

#### **Numbers:**

```
28%
             : Twenty-eight per cent.
10.3 : Ten point three
     : Four ninths (four over nine)
4^{2}
     : Four squared
5^{3}
     : Five cubed
     : Five to the power of four
1.623.457: One million, six hundred and twenty-three thousand,
               four hundred and fifty seven.
|+2| : Absolute value of two.
Derivation of y' = 4x+1 (y' equals four x plus 1)
Function of y = 2x^2 + x + 1 (y equals two x squared plus x plus 1)
+2 : Positive number two
-2 : Negative number two
    : Three is numerator and four is denominator
    : Fraction three over ten
2\frac{3}{10}: Mixed number of integer two three over ten
```

AxB/(A)(B):Parentheses (A)(B)

AxB/A.B : Dots A.B

How we can read the following mathematical formulas in English:  $2x + 3y - 2 = \frac{3Z}{4x}$ 

(Two x plus three y minus 2 equals three Z devided by four x)

Four basic operations of arithmetic are: Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division.

 $6 \times 7 = 42$  (six times seven is forty two)

## The symbols and their expressions:

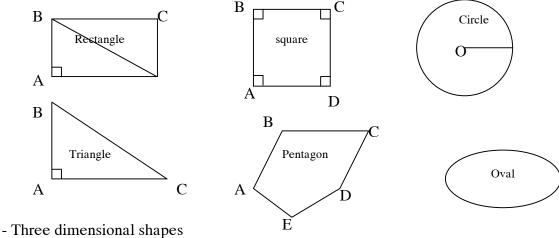
 $\leq$  (is less than or equal to)

a.	+ (Plus)	k.	% (percent)
b.	- (minus)	1.	> (is more than)
c.	x (multiplied by)	m.	$\in$ (is an element of)
d.	: (divided by)	n.	$\infty$ (infinity)
e.	= (is equal to)	ο.	$\sqrt[3]{}$ (cube root)
f.	≈ (is equivalent to)	p.	$\sqrt{\ }$ (square root)
g.	$\geq$ (is more than or equal to)	q.	$x^2$ (x squared)
h.	$\subset$ (is a subset of)	r.	x <sup>3</sup> (x cubed)
i.	< (is less than)	s.	$x^4$ (x to the power four)

#### How would the names of the shapes below be read in English?

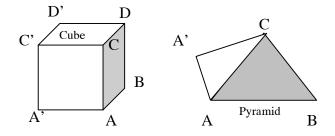
- Two dimensional shapes:

j.



 $\Pi$  (pi)  $\infty$  (infinity)





Teaching points:

Active: The simple present Passive: The simple present

Suffix: - ion

(2)

#### **WORKING WITH VOCABULARY**

#### A. Focus on the reading:

Arithmetic Lives

Equals Multiplication

Formulas Times
Dimensional Said
Plays Who

## Choose the best words or phrases above for each sentence, if you need help, look at the reading again (use each word only once)

1.	Any o	ne _		V	vorks	with any	branch	of science	or tech	nology	needs to	be	able
to	talk al	bout 1	numb	ers	and sl	hapes.							
_	* T	1	. 1	C 11		1	1 1			- 11 1			

2. Notice how the following numbers and shapes are\_\_\_\_\_ in English.

3. Mathematics \_\_\_\_\_ an important part of our \_\_\_\_\_

4. Six \_\_\_\_\_ seven is forty two

5. How we can read the following mathematical \_\_\_\_\_ in English.

6. Four basic operations of \_\_\_\_\_ are.

7. Addition, subtraction, \_\_\_\_\_ division.

8. Two x plus three y minus 2 \_\_\_\_\_ three z divided by four x.

9. Two \_\_\_\_\_ shapes are...

#### **B. Focus on new context:**

Here is more practice with the new words from the reading choose the best word for each sentence (use each word only once)

Arithmetic Plays

Dimensional Multiplication

Equals	Times
Formulas	Said
Lives	Who
1. If we want to say, for example, that in an	ny circle the diameter is twice the radius we
can write: d2R	
2 is one branch of mathematics.	
3. Do you know the girl is standing	outside the door.
4. It is that English is an internation	nal language.
5. It's difficult to read mathematical	in English
6. When she was seven, she learnt by heart	thetable.
7 out of number today he is absen	t from lesson again.
8. Because we are students our are	e different from theirs.
9. Some students don't understand the term	of analysis.

#### **UNDERSTANDING THE READING**

## A. Comprehension questions:

#### \* Answer the questions about the reading:

- 1. Why are more and more mathematical books printed in English?
- 2. Why do scientists and technologists need to be able to talk about numbers and shapes in English?
- 3. Why does mathematics play an important part of our lives?
- 4. Can you read: +2; -2 in English?
- 5. Can you do the algebraical maths: If 3a+4 is greater than 16, then a must be
  - a. greater than 4
- c. equal to 4
- e. greater than 3

- b. less than 4
- d. less than 5

#### **B. Details:** Write T if the sentence is true and F if it is False

- 1. Mathematics is necessary for us because it helps to research
- 2. Sciences need mathematics
- 3. Some branches of science don't need mathematics
- 4. Two halves of a circle can be called semi-circle
- 5. A rectangle has four right angles
- 6. The symbol:  $\geq$  can be read: more than or equal to

## **C. Main idea**: Check • the two most important ideas from the reading

- 1. Some mathematics symbols
- 2. How to do maths
- 3. Mathematics and its use in our lives

- 4. The names of shapes
- 5. The methods of studying mathematics

#### D. Writing

Write two following basic properties of numbers in English

1.  $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

or 
$$(-2)(-3) = +6$$

2. (+5)(-10) = -50

or 
$$(-6)(+8) = -48$$

#### WORD STUDY

#### A. The passive and active in the simple present tense

- 1. In passive, we are more interested in the objects of the active sentence.
- 2. This is because the subjects are not important at the moment or because we don't know who or what is responsible for the event

Form: The passive is formed by putting the verb to be into the same tense as the active verb. The subject of the active verb becomes the "agent" of the passive verb

Example:

Active: My grandfather plants this tree

Passive: This tree is planted by my grandfather

(The example above indicates that the passive of the simple present requires the simple present form)

The simple present is used: - To express a habit

- To express a fact which is always true

Ex: Vegetarians don't eat meat

- To express a fact which is always true for a long time

Ex: We study at Dalat University

**Practice:** Put the verbs in the correct forms, all the verbs are in simple present, either in the active or in the passive

<ol> <li>Complex algebraical fraction</li> </ol>	on by	the	same	method	used	in	arithmetic
(simplify)							
2. The oldest villagers	to attend a med	ting	(invite	<del>)</del>			

2. The oldest villagers \_\_\_\_\_ to attend a meeting (invite)

- 3. They \_\_\_\_\_ science books in English (print)
- 4. English \_\_\_\_\_ in many parts of the world (speak)
- 5. The doctor \_\_\_\_\_ on the patient (operate)
- 6. She \_\_\_\_\_ from bad headaches (suffer)
- 7. She \_\_\_\_\_ in touch with her family by phoning home every Sunday (keep)
- 8. Wood \_\_\_\_\_ in water (not sink)
- 9. Three persons \_\_\_\_\_ in a car cash (injure)
- 10 Water \_\_\_\_\_ from the rivers by women and children (bring)
- 11. That film \_\_\_\_\_ on TV tonight (not show)

## **B. Word forms:** Nouns

Sometimes verbs and nouns are the same forms; sometimes we can change verbs to nouns by adding suffix.

ION		SAN	IE FORM				
<u>Verbs</u>	<u>Nouns</u>	<u>Verbs</u>	<u>Nouns</u>				
Subtract	- Subtraction						
Communica	te - Communication	Change	- Change				
Act	- Action	Work					
Retract	- Retraction	Use	- Use				
<b>PRACTICE:</b> Choo	se the correct forms o	f the words al	ove to complete	each sentence			
(use each word onl	y once)						
1. We can	_ the form of y-x by fa	ctoring out -1					
2. The government	plans to make importa	nnt t	o the tax system				
3. In the serf system	n people could	a sheep fo	r a hammer				
4. Casino is a place	4. Casino is a place where people gambling games for money						
5. Youth is the time for, Age is the time for repose							
6. I didn't get into _	with him for	long					
7. If we7 i	from 10, we have 3						
8. Many of Shakes	pear's are tra	agedies under	the feudalism				
9. He is a person w	ho kindly to	ward everyon	е				
	on the flight to Hanoi si		aven't	for years			
11. The boss	the workers too h	ard					
12. The	of building the bridge	spaning Danh	River took two y	ears			
13. Ten from sever	n is a very simple						
<b>BUILDING VOC</b>	ABULARY SKILLS						
Vocabulary rev	<u>iew</u>						
Match each word in	n column A with the we	ord in column	B that has opposi	te meaning:			
A		В					
1. Negative number	er Less	than or equal	to				
• ~ .							

2. Subtracting Is the same as 3. Greater than Positive number

4. Absolute value Less than 5. Negative infinity Multiplication 6. Not equal to Minimum value Positive infinity 7. Greater than or equal to Adding

## **CONTEXT CLUES**

Choose the answer that is closest in the meaning to each word or phrase underlined use context clue:

rry on studying archaeology and the moment he
b. begin
d. start
<u>vater</u> the plants?
b. wet
d. sprinkle
ourself?
b. talk
d. explain
ow?
b. disapprove
d. like
by train rather than by car is that you can sleep
b. pleasurable
d. pleased
ome for her father's dinner parties and she had
b. do
d. work
<u>f</u> her sister
b. looking after
d. training